

ZANUSSI

FRIGORIFICO CONGELADOR COMBINADO REFRIGERATOR- FREEZER COMBINATION

ZK 20/6 R (ZLKF 261)

ZK 20/10 R (ZLKF 301)

**MANUAL DE INSTRUCCIONES
INSTRUCTION BOOK**

**ES
GB**

Before installing and using the appliance read this user's instruction book carefully. It contains safety precautions, hints, information and ideas. If the refrigerator is used in compliance with the instructions written, it will operate properly and provide you with greatest satisfaction.

The symbols below help you to find things more easily:

 **Safety precautions**

Warnings and information at this symbol serve safety for you and your appliance.

 **Hints, useful information**

 **Environmental information**

 **Symbol for ideas**

At this symbol ideas can be found according to food and its storing.

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Important safety information

⚠ General safety precautions

- Keep these instructions and they should remain at the appliance when moving away or changing owner.
- This appliance is designed for storing food, domestic use according to these instructions only.
- **Specialised companies that are qualified to do so by the manufacturer must carry out service and repairs including repairing and changing the power cord.** Accessory parts supplied by them should be used only for repairing. Otherwise the appliance can be damaged or can cause other damage or injury.
- The appliance is out of circuit only in that case if the plug is removed from the socket. Before cleaning and maintenance always unplug it (do not get it by the cable). If the socket is difficult to reach, switch off the appliance by cutting off the current.
- Power cord must not be lengthened.
- Without the lamp cover of interior lighting you must not operate the appliance.
- When cleaning, defrosting, taking out frozen food or ice tray do not use sharp, pointed or hard devices, as they can cause damage to the appliance.
- Be careful not to allow liquids to the temperature control and lighting box.
- Ice and ice-cream can cause hurt if they are eaten immediately after removal from the frozen food compartment.
- After dissolving frozen food must not be refrozen, it must be used up as soon as possible.
- Store pre-packed frozen food in accordance with the frozen food manufacturer's instructions.
- You must not make defrosting faster with any electric heating appliance or chemicals.
- Do not put hot pot to the plastic parts.
- Do not store flammable gas and liquid in the appliance, because they may explode.
- Do not store carbonated drinks, bottled drinks and bottled fruits in the frozen food compartment.
- Check and clean the outlet of melting water coming during defrosting regularly - a label inside the appliance warns you for this. If it is clogged the melting water gathered can cause earlier failure.

⚠ Precautions for child safety

- Do not allow children to play with the packaging of the appliance. Plastic foil can cause suffocation.
- Adults must handle the appliance. Do not allow children to play with it or its controlling parts.
- If you are discarding the appliance pull the plug out of the socket, cut the connection cable (as close to the appliance as you can) and remove the door to prevent playing children to suffer electric shock or to close themselves into it.

⚠ Safety precautions for installation

- Put the appliance to the wall to avoid touching or catching warm parts (compressor, condenser) to prevent possible burn.
- When moving the appliance take care of the plug not to be in the socket.
- When placing the appliance take care not to stand it on the power cord.
- Adequate air circulation should be around the appliance, lacking this leads to overheating. To achieve sufficient ventilation follow the instructions relevant to installation.

⚠ For the safety of life and property keep the precautions of these user's instructions as the manufacturer is not responsible for damages caused by omission.

Instructions for the User

General information

The official designation of the appliance is 'refrigerator-freezer combination with one motor compressor and freezer placed in the lower part'. The appliance has -besides the general services- a freezer with its own door and is completely separated from the other unit.

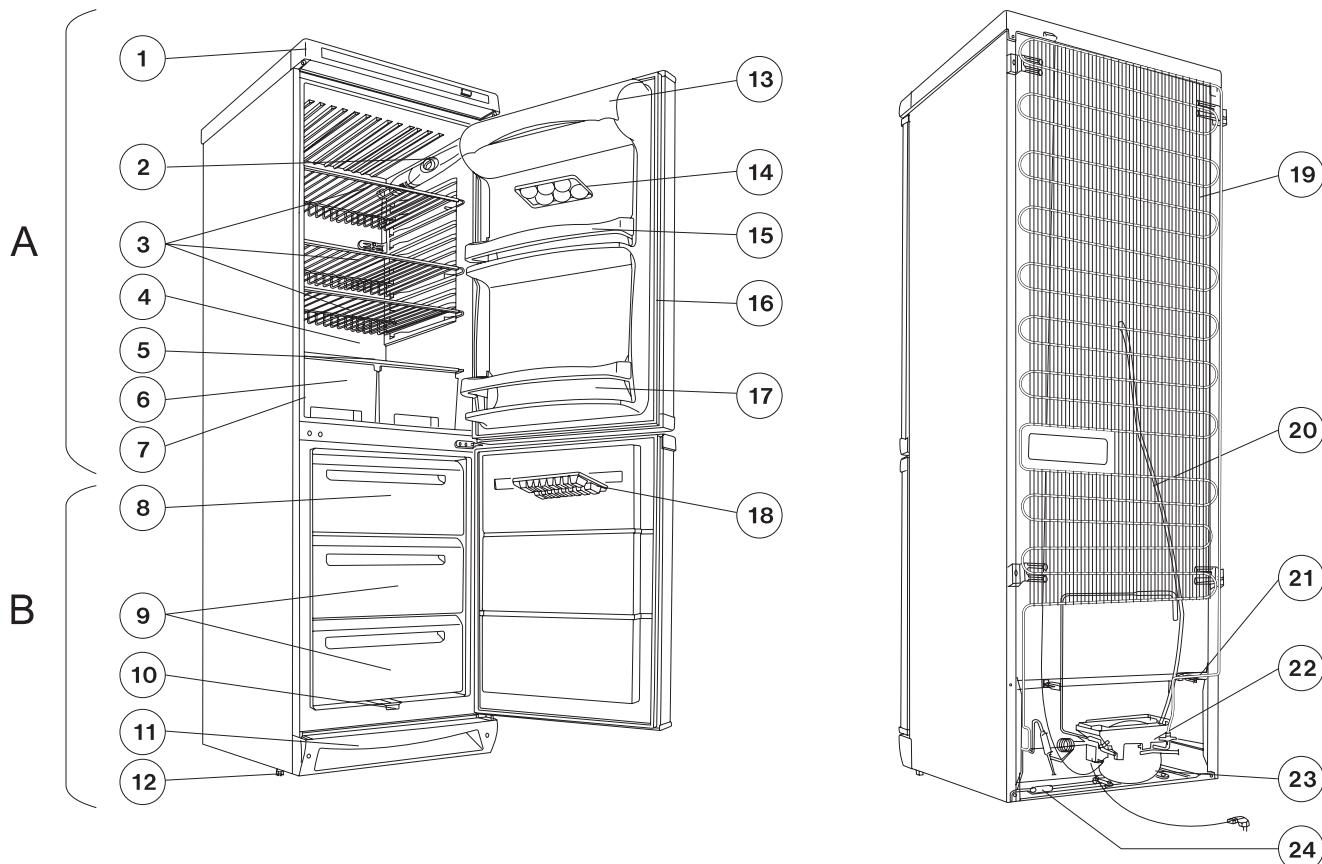
According to this the appliance is suitable for storing frozen and deep-frozen food, freezing products in

quantity given in the user's instructions at home and making ice.

The appliance can meet the requirements of standards between different temperature limits according to the climate class.

The letter symbol for climate class can be found on the data label.

Description of the appliance, main parts



A - Refrigerator

B - Freezer

1. Cover frame with indicating switch
2. Lighting box
3. Wire shelf
4. Defrost water collector
5. Glass shelf
6. Vegetable boxes
7. Data label
8. Freezing compartment
9. Storing compartments
10. Defrost water outlet
11. Bottom cover grid

12. Adjustable feet

13. Butter compartment

14. Egg tray

15. Door shelf

16. Door gasket

17. Bottle shelf

18. Ice tray

19. Condenser

20. Defrost water outlet tube

21. Spacer

22. Evaporative tray

23. Compressor

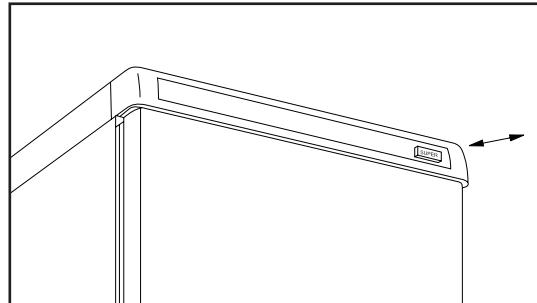
24. Rollers

In figures the ZLKF 301 appliance can be seen.

Indicating switch

To use the yellow indicating switch placed in the cover frame can be necessary in two cases:

1. Push the switch (it will move outwards and the indicator lamp will give light) when the ambient temperature goes beyond +16 °C. The switch operates a heater, which ensures that the necessary -18 °C storing temperature can be used. This is effective to an ambient temperature limit of +10 °C.
2. To reach higher freezing capacity from 3 kg/24h, 12 kg/24h to 18 kg/24h see chapter „Freezing“.



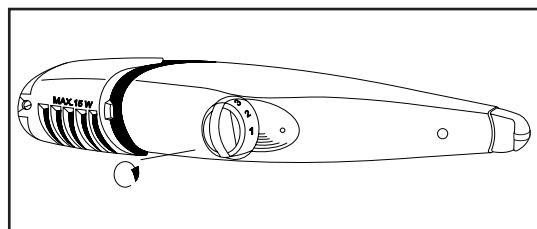
Handling the appliance

Putting it into use

Place the accessories into the appliance then plug to the mains socket.

To start cooling turn the thermostatic control knob on the right-hand side of the compartment from „0“ clockwise. In „0“ position the appliance is out of operation.

The next paragraph will give instructions for setting.



Controlling the temperature, setting

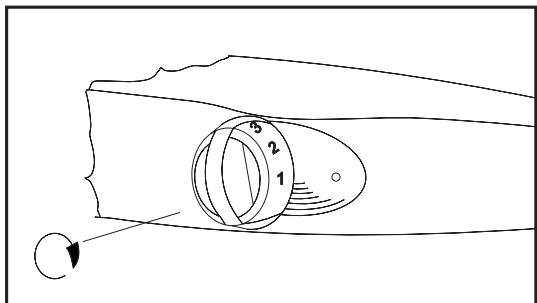
The thermostatic controller interrupts the operation of the appliance automatically for more or less time depending on the setting then restarts it assuring the required temperature.

Turning the control button towards the bigger numbers cooling becomes more and more intensive.

In the frozen food compartment -18°C or lower temperature can be reached if the knob of the thermostatic control is set to 3. In this case the temperature starting automatically in the fresh food compartment is about +5 °C or below. The 3 position generally meets the requirements of everyday cooling.

The temperature coming about in the refrigerator is effected by not only the position of the thermostatic control but the ambient temperature, frequency of door openings and the quantity of food put into it newly, etc.

i In the maximum i.e. 5 position - in case of increased demand e.g. during heatwaves - without disconnecting continuous operation can occur. This does not cause damages to the appliance.



How to use the refrigerator

i For adequate cooling developing interior air circulation is necessary. For this reason you are asked not to cover the whole surface of the wire shelves with paper, trays, etc.

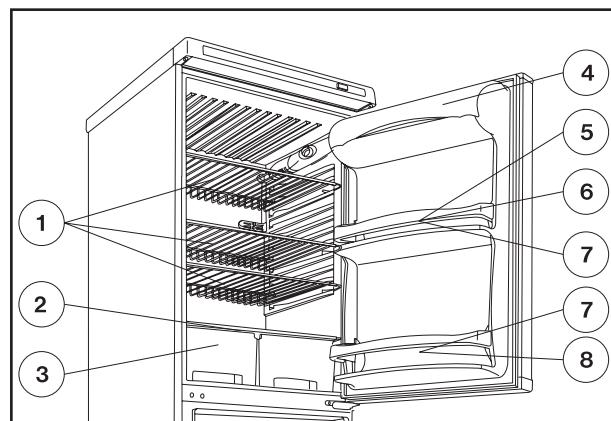
i Do not put hot food into the refrigerator. Allow it to reach room temperature naturally. In this way the unnecessary frost building up can be avoided.

i Foods can take over odours from each other. So it is essential to put foods in closed dishes or wrap them in cellophane, aluminium foil, grease-proof paper or cling film before placing them into the refrigerator. This way foods will keep their moisture e.g. vegetables will not dry out after some days.

Storing in the refrigerator

When placing the different kinds of food take into consideration the sketch below in figure:

1. Confectionery, ready-cooked foods, foods in dishes, fresh meat, cold cuts, drinks
2. Milk, dairy products, foods in dishes
3. Fruits, vegetables, salads
4. Cheese, butter
5. Eggs
6. Yoghurt, sour cream
7. Small bottles, soft drinks
8. Big bottles, drinks



Storage time and temperature of foods

The storage time chart at the end of the instruction book gives information about storage time.

The storage time can not be determined exactly in advance, as it depends on the freshness and handling of the cooled food. That is why the storage time made known is only informative.

If you do not want to use up deep-frozen foods bought immediately they can be stored for about 1 day (until dissolving) in the refrigerator.

How to use the freezer

Freezing

Freezing different products should always be done in the freezing compartment or rather on its cooling plate after proper preparing.

Depending on quantity to be frozen the freezing procedure can be the following:

1. If the quantity to be frozen is not more than 3 kg
 - 1.1. Set the thermostat knob to position 3.
 - 1.2. Put the quantity to be frozen into the freezing compartment (max. 3 kg).
 - 1.3. Operate the appliance in this position for 24 hours.
 - 1.4. After 24 hours reset the thermostatic knob to a position adequate for you or leave it in position 3, which generally meets the requirements of everyday cooling. Replace the frozen products into the wire basket (ZLKF 261) or baskets (ZLKF 301) in the storing compartment.
2. If the quantity to be frozen is between 3-12 and 18 kg (using maximum freezing capacity)
 - 2.1. Push the indicating switch (it moves outwards and the indicator lamp gives light) and put the quantity to be frozen into the freezing compartment (max. 12 or 18 kg).
 - 2.2. Operate the appliance in this position for 24 hours.
 - 2.3. After 24 hours turn off the indicating switch (push it and the lamp will go out) and replace the frozen products into the wire basket (ZLKF 261) or baskets (ZLKF 301) in the storing compartment.

Never freeze food in bigger quantity than given in the 'Technical data' at the same time, otherwise freezing will not be thorough and after dissolving various deterioration may take place (losing taste and aroma, lysing, etc.).

Do not make ice during freezing preferably, because making ice reduces freezing capacity.

Storing in the freezer

It is practical to replace frozen products into the wire basket(s) after freezing has finished. Doing this you could make room in the freezing compartment for another freezing. Intermediate freezing does not deteriorate foods already stored.

Do not forget to keep to the storage time given on the packaging of frozen products if you buy them frozen. To store home-frozen products see the storing instructions placed in the door of the freezer. Symbols signify the various foods, numbers mean maximum storing time given in months.

i It is safe to store quick-frozen, frozen foods only if they have not dissolved even for a short time until placing them into the freezer. If the deep-frozen food has already dissolved, refreezing is not recommended, it has to be used up as soon as possible.

How to make ice cubes

To make ice cubes fill the enclosed ice cube tray with water and put it to the frozen food compartment. Wetting the bottom of the tray and setting thermostatic control knob to maximum position can shorten preparing time. After finishing do not forget to reset the thermostatic control to the suitable position.

Ready ice cubes can be taken out of the tray under running water then twist or hit it. If the ice tray freezes to the compartment, avoid using metal tools or knife to take it out as the cooling system can be damaged.

i Some useful information and advice

- The variable shelves are worth paying attention to, which increases the usability of the fresh food compartment considerably. Rearranging the shelves is also possible when the door is open at an angle of 90°.
- After opening and closing the door of freezer vacuum will rise inside the appliance because of the low temperature. So wait 2-3 minutes after closing the door - if you want to open it again - while inner pressure equalises.
- Take care of operating the freezer at a position of thermostatic control so that the inside temperature can never go above -18 °C, since temperature higher than this can deteriorate frozen foods.
- It is practical to make sure of faultless operation of the appliance daily so as to notice possible failure in time and prevent deterioration of frozen foods.

Hints and ideas

In this chapter practical hints and ideas are given about how to use the appliance to reach maximum energy saving and there is environmental information about the appliance as well.

How to save energy

- Avoid putting the appliance in a sunny place and near anything that gives off heat.
- Be sure that the condenser and the compressor are well ventilated. Do not cover the sections where ventilation is.
- Wrap products in tightly closing dishes or cling film to avoid building up unnecessary frost.
- Do not leave the door open longer than necessary and avoid unnecessary openings.
- Put foods into the appliance only in a closed dish.
- Put warm foods into the appliance only when they are at room temperature.
- Keep the condenser clean.

The appliance and environment

This appliance does not contain gasses which could damage the ozone layer, in either its refrigerant circuit or insulation materials. The appliance shall not be discarded together with the urban refuse and rubbish. Avoid damaging the cooling unit, especially at the rear near the heat exchanger. Information on your local disposal sites may be obtained from your municipal authorities.

The materials used on this appliance marked with the symbol  are recyclable.

Maintenance

Defrosting

Bleeding part of the moisture of cooling chambers in form of frost and ice goes with the operation of the appliance.

Thick frost and ice has an insulating effect, so it reduces cooling efficiency as the temperature increases in the cooling chambers, they need more energy, at a certain thickness it does not allow the door of the freezing compartment to open.

At this type of appliance defrosting the cooling plate of the refrigerator is automatic without any external intervention. The thermostatic control interrupts the operation of compressor at regular intervals for more or less time during this cooling is interrupted the temperature of the cooling plate goes above 0 °C due to interior heating load of the compartment, so defrosting occurs. When the surface temperature of the cooling plate has reached +3 - +4 °C the thermostatic control restarts operation of the system.

Melting water flows through defrost water outlet leaded through the back into the evaporative tray maintained on the top of compressor and evaporates due to its warmth.

 **Check and clean the outlet of melting water coming during defrosting regularly a label inside the appliance warns you for this. If it is clogged the melting water gathered can cause earlier failure as it can go to the insulating of the appliance.**

Clean the melting water outlet with the supplied pipe scraper that can be seen in the figure. The pipe scraper has to be stored in the outlet.

The most typical case of clogging up in the melting water outlet when you put food wrapped in some paper into the appliance and this paper contacts back plate of the refrigerator and freezes to it. If you remove the food right at this moment the paper will tear and it can cause clogging up in the outlet by getting into it. So you are asked to be careful - because of the above - when placing foods wrapped in paper into the appliance.

i In case of increased demand e.g. during heatwaves, the refrigerator temporarily happens to operate constantly during this the automatic defrosting is ineffective.

Remaining small ice and frost stains on back plate of the refrigerator after defrosting period is not abnormal.

The freezer can not be equipped with automatic defrosting set since the deep-frozen and frozen foods do not endure melting temperature.

When small frost and ice occurs scrape off and remove frost and ice coating with the supplied plastic scraper.

The tray in figure is not a piece of accessories to the appliance!

When ice coating is so thick that it can not be removed with the plastic scraper, the cooling plates have to be defrosted. Frequency of defrosting depends on usage (generally 2-3 times a year).

Take the frozen foods out of the appliance, and put them into a basket lined with paper or cloth. Store them in a possibly cool place or replace them into another refrigerator.

Pull out the mains plug from the mains socket, so both parts of the appliance are out of operation.

Open the doors of both parts of the appliance and clean the refrigerator according to 'Regular cleaning'. Maintain and clean the freezer as following:

Sweep off the melting water with a cloth or sponge in direction of sides of the cooling plates. The melting water swept down gathers in the outlet channel practically formed in the bottom of the appliance and can be removed according to figure.

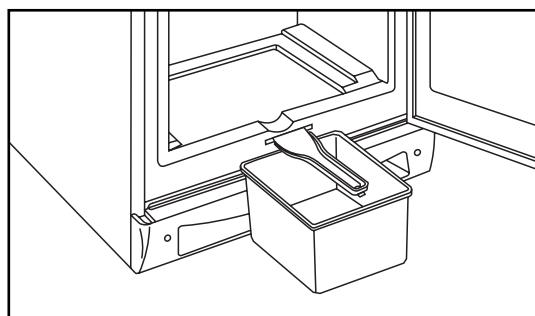
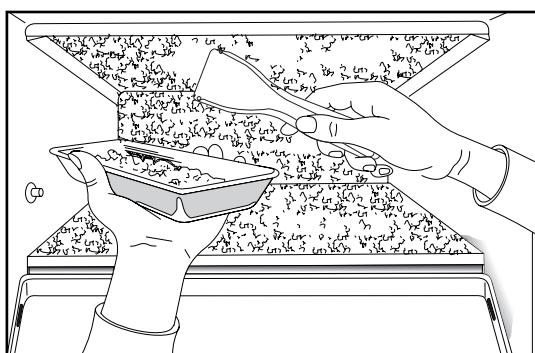
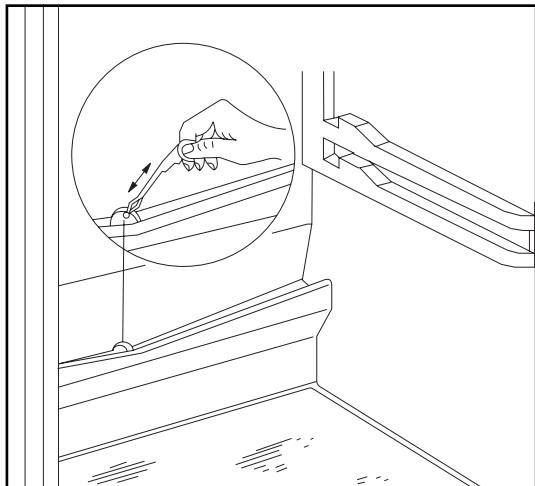
Put an adequately high bowl or dish under the outlet.

The bowl in figure is not a piece of accessories to the appliance!

Wipe the surfaces after defrosting and leading the water out.

Put the mains plug into the mains socket and put foods taken out back to their places.

It is recommended to operate the appliance at the highest position of the thermostatic control for some hours so that it can reach the sufficient storing temperature as soon as possible.



Regular cleaning

It is recommended to wash the inside of the refrigerator in 3-4 weeks time using lukewarm water then wipe it (it is practical to clean the inside of the freezer and defrost it at a time).

Household cleaner or soap must not be used.

After breaking the circuit wash the appliance with lukewarm water then wipe it. Clean the door gasket with clean water. After cleaning apply voltage to the appliance.

It is recommended to remove the dust and dirt collected on the back of the refrigerator and the condenser and to clean the evaporative tray on top of the compressor once or twice a year.

When the refrigerator

is not in use

In case the appliance will not be used for a long time follow these steps:

Break the circuit of the appliance.

Remove foods from the refrigerator.

Defrost and clean it as written before.

Leave the door open to avoid a build up of air inside.

Trouble shooting

How to change the bulb

Should the light fail to work you can change it as below:

Break the circuit of the appliance.

Unscrew the plate screw fixing the lamp cover, then take the lamp cover off in the direction of arrow and the bulb can be changed. (Type of the bulb: Mignon 322, 230 V, 15 W, E 14 thread)

After changing bulb replace the lamp cover, screw the plate screw and apply voltage to the appliance.

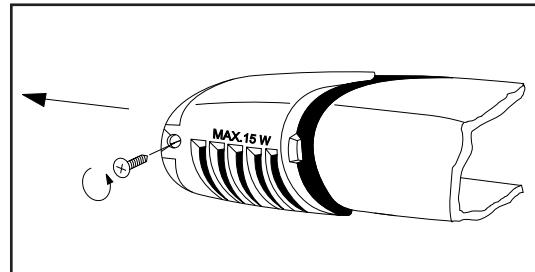
The lack of light does not influence operation of the refrigerator.

If something does not work

During operation of the appliance some smaller but annoying trouble can often occur, which does not require calling a technician out. In the following chart information is given about them to avoid unnecessary charges on service.

We draw your attention that operation of appliance goes with certain sounds (compressor- and circulating sound). This is not trouble, but means normal operation.

! We draw it to your attention again that the appliance operates discontinuously, so the stopping of compressor does not mean being no-current. That is why you must not touch the electrical parts of the appliance before breaking the circuit.



Problem	Possible cause	Solution
It is too warm in the refrigerator.	Thermostatic control can be set wrongly. If products are not cold enough or placed wrongly. The door does not close tightly or it is not shut properly.	Set the thermostat knob to higher position. Place the products to the appropriate place. Check if the door closes well and the gasket is unhurt and clean.
It is too warm in the freezer.	Thermostatic control can be set wrongly. The door does not close tightly or it is not shut properly. Products in big quantity to be frozen were put in. Products to be frozen are placed too closely to each other.	Set the thermostat knob to higher position. Check if the door closes well and the gasket is unhurt and clean. Wait some hours and then check the temperature again. Place the products in a way so that cold air could circulate among them.
Water flows at the back plate of the refrigerator.	It is normal. During automatic defrosting frost melts on the back plate.	
Water flows into the chamber.	The outlet of the chamber can be clogged up. Products placed in can prevent water from flowing into the collector.	Clean the outlet. Replace the products so that they can not touch the back plate directly.
Water flows onto the floor.	The melting water outlet flows not into the evaporative tray above the compressor.	Put the melting water outlet to the evaporative tray.
There are too much frost and ice.	Products are not wrapped properly. Doors are not shut properly or do not close tightly. The thermostatic control can be set wrongly.	Wrap the products better. Check if the doors close well and the gaskets are unhurt and clean. Set the thermostat knob to a position that gives higher temperature.
The compressor operates continually.	The thermostatic control is set wrongly. Doors are not shut properly or do not close tightly. Products in big quantity to be frozen were put in. Too warm food was put in. The appliance is in too warm place.	Set the thermostat knob to a position that gives higher temperature. Check if the doors close well and the gaskets are unhurt and clean. Wait some hours and then check the temperature again. Put food at max. room temperature. Try to reduce the temperature in the room where the appliance stands.
The appliance does not work at all. Neither cooling, nor lighting works. Indicator lamps do not give light.	Plug is not connected to the mains socket properly. The fuse burnt out. The thermostatic control is not on. There is no voltage in the mains socket. (Try to connect another appliance into it.)	Connect the mains plug properly. Change the fuse. Start the appliance according to instructions in chapter 'Putting it into use'. Call an electrician.
The appliance is noisy.	The appliance is not supported properly.	Check if the appliance stands stable (all the four feet should be on the floor).

Inasmuch as the advice does not lead to result, call the nearest brand-mark service.

Instructions for the Installer

Technical data

Model/Type	ZK 20/10 R (ZLKF 301)	ZK 20/6 R (ZLKF 261)
Gross capacity (l)	Freezer: 105 Refrigerator: 195	Freezer: 65 Refrigerator: 195
Net capacity (l)	Freezer: 80 Refrigerator: 192	Freezer: 51 Refrigerator: 192
Width (mm)	600	600
Height (mm)	1790	1580
Depth (mm)	600	600
Energy consumption (kWh/24h) (kWh/year)	1,42 518	1,20 438
Energy class, according to EU standards	C	C
Freezing capacity (kg/24h)	18	12
Rising time (h)	19	17
Rated power (W)	150	130
Weight (kg)	65	58
Number of compressors	1	1

Installing the appliance

Transportation, unpacking

i It is recommended to deliver the appliance in original packaging, in vertical position considering the protective warning on packaging.

After each transportation the appliance must not be switched on for approx. 2 hours.

Unpack the appliance and check if there are damages on it. Report possible damages immediately to the place you bought it. In that case retain packaging.

Cleaning

Remove every adhesive tape, which ensure the parts not to move in the appliance.

Wash the inside of the appliance using lukewarm water and mild detergent. Use soft cloth.

After cleaning wipe out the inside of the appliance.

Placement

The ambient temperature has an effect on the energy consumption and proper operation of the appliance. When placing, take into consideration that it is practical to operate the appliance between ambient temperature limits according to the climate class that is given in the chart below and can be found in the data label.

Class of climate	Ambient temperature
SN	+10 ... +32 °C
N	+16 ... +32 °C
ST	+18 ... +38 °C

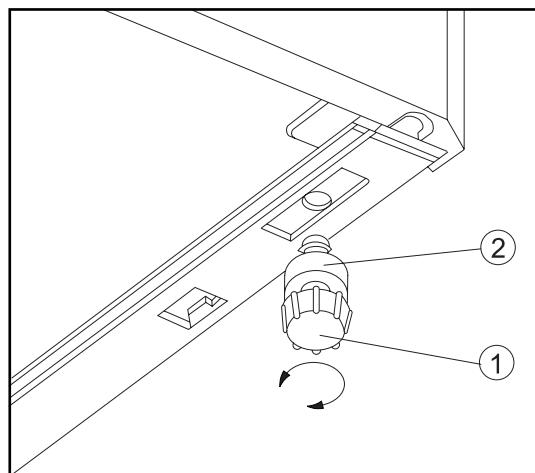
If the ambient temperature goes below the lower data the temperature of the cooling compartment can go beyond the prescribed temperature.

If the ambient temperature goes beyond the upper data this means longer operating time of the compressor, breakdown in the automatic defrosting increasing temperature in the cooling compartment or increasing energy consumption.

When placing the appliance ensure that it stands level. This can be achieved by two adjustable feet (1) at the bottom in front. 1-1 piece of distance washer (2) are accessories of the adjustable feet. If levelling the appliance requires, these washers can be removed.

Do not stand the appliance on a sunny place or close to a radiator or cooker.

If it is unavoidable because of furnishing and the appliance has to be stood near a cooker take these minimum distances into consideration:



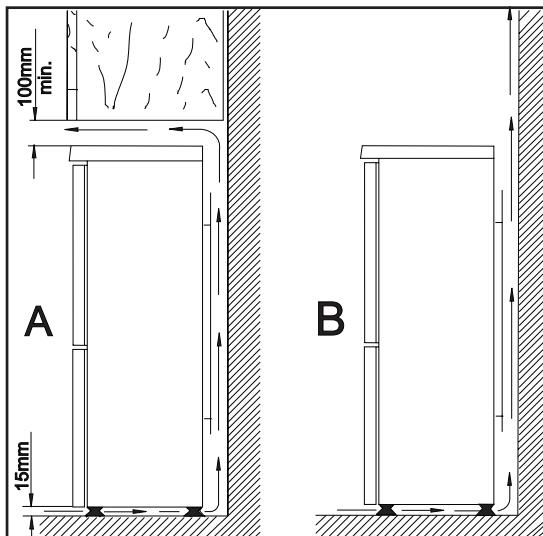
- In case of gas or electric cooker 3 cm must be left, when it is less put a 0,5-1 cm non-flam insulation between the two appliances.
- In case of oil or coal-fired stove the distance must be 30 cms since they give off more heat.

The refrigerator is designed to operate when it is totally pushed to the wall.

! When placing the refrigerator keep minimal distances recommended in figure.

A : placing it under a wall-cupboard

B : placing it freely



Change of door opening direction

Should the setting-up place or handling demand it, door-opening direction can be refitted from right-handed to left-handed.

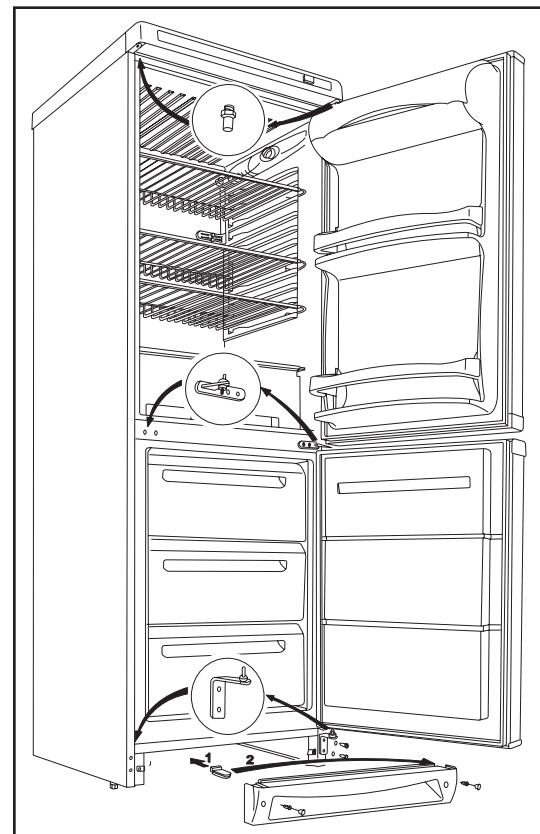
Appliances on the market are right-handed.

In figure the ZLKF 301 appliance can be seen, but the refitting is completely the same at the other (ZLKF 261) appliance.

Following operations are to be done on the basis of figures and explanations:

- Break the circuit of the appliance.
- Tilt back the appliance carefully being careful so that the compressor cannot touch the floor. It is recommended to ask another person for help, who can keep the appliance at this position safely.
- Remove carefully (e.g. with a knife) the covering nails of screws fixing the bottom cover grid, then the cover grid can be removed by unscrewing the plate-screws (2 pieces).
- Dismount the bottom door holder of the freezer by removing the screws (2 pieces) and the fill plates (2 pieces).
- Take off the door of the freezer by pulling it slightly downwards.
- Dismount the double door holder by removing the screws (2 pieces) and the fill plates (2 pieces).
- Take off the door of the refrigerator by pulling it slightly downwards.
- Unscrew the top door holding pin of the refrigerator, then screw it back on the other side.
- Remove the covering nails of the double door holder on the left side and put them to the other side.
- Fit the door of the refrigerator to the top door holding pin.
- Fix the double door holder onto the left side using the screws (2 pieces) and fill plates (2 pieces). Be careful that the door edge of the refrigerator is parallel with the edge of the mantle.
- Fit the door of the freezer to the double door holding pin.
- Fix the bottom door holder onto the left side using the screws (2 pieces) and fill plates (2 pieces). Be careful that the door edge of the freezer is parallel with the edge of the mantle.
- Pull out the cover element of the cover grid in the direction of arrow (1) and place it and contrary side (2).
- Put the cover grid back and fix it with the plate-screws (2 pieces), then put the covering nails back.
- Put the appliance to its place, set it level and apply voltage to it.

In case you do not want to perform the procedures above, call the nearest brand-mark service. Technicians will accomplish the refitting expertly for charge.



Electrical connection

This refrigerator is designed to operate on a 230 V AC (~) 50 Hz supply.

The plug must be put into a socket with protective contact. If there is no such, it is recommended to get an electrician to fit an earthed socket in compliance with standards near the refrigerator.

 This appliance complies with the following E.E.C. Directives:

- 73/23 EEC of 19.02.73 (Low Voltage Directive) and subsequent modifications,
- 89/336 EEC of 03.05.89 (Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive) and subsequent modifications.

Storage time chart

Time and method of storage of fresh foods in the refrigerator

Foods	Storage time in days							Method of packaging
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Raw meat	X	X	x	x	x			cling film, airtight
Cooked meat	X	X	X	x	x	x		dish covered
Roasted meat	X	X	X	x	x			dish covered
Raw minced meat	X							dish covered
Roasted minced meat	X	X	x	x				dish covered
Cold cuts, Vienna sausage	X	X	x	x				cling film, cellophane, grease-proof paper
Fresh fish	X	x	x					cling film, airtight
Cooked fish	X	X	x	x				dish covered
Fried fish	X	X	x	x	x			dish covered
Tinned fish, open	X	x	x					dish covered
Fresh chicken	X	X	X	x	x	x		cling film, airtight
Fried chicken	X	X	X	x	x	x		dish covered
Fresh hen	X	X	x	x	x			cling film, airtight
Boiled hen	X	X	x	x	x			dish covered
Fresh duck, goose	X	X	X	x	x	x		cling film, airtight
Roasted duck, goose	X	X	X	X	x	x	x	dish covered
Butter unopened	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	original packaging
Butter opened	X	X	x	x	x	x	x	original packaging
Milk in a plastic bag	X	X	X	x	x			original packaging
Cream	X	X	x	x				plastic box
Sour cream	X	X	X	X	x	x	x	plastic box
Cheese (hard)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	aluminium foil
Cheese (soft)	X	X	X	X	x	x	x	cling film
Curds	X	X	X	X	x	x	x	cling film
Egg	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Spinach, sorrel	X	X	x	x				cling film
Green peas, green beans	X	X	X	X	x	x	x	cling film
Mushroom	X	X	x	x	x			cling film
Carrot, roots	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	cling film
Bell-pepper	X	X	x	x	x			cling film
Tomato	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	cling film
Cabbage	X	X	X	X	X	x	x	cling film
Quickly rotting fruits (strawberry, raspberry, etc.)	X	X	X	x	x			cling film
Other fruits	X	X	X	X	x	x	x	cling film
Tinned fruits opened	X	X	X	x	x			dish covered
Cakes filled with cream	X	X	x	x				dish covered

Notation:

X usual storage time
 x possible storage time (concerns to really fresh product only)

Warranty and service

Guarantee conditions

Service and spare parts

If calling the service is unavoidable, announce the trouble at a brand-mark service nearest to your place.

When announcing the appliance has to be identified according to its data label.

The data label of the appliance is stuck to the wall of the interior beside the vegetable box in the fresh food compartment in the bottom on the left side. All necessary data are there which are needed to the service announcement (type, model, serial number, etc.). Note here the data from the data label of your appliance:

Model	
Product No.	
Serial No.	
Date of purchase:	

